

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Cantrell Primary School
Number of pupils in school	392
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	179 pupils = 45.66%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2022-2023
Date this statement was published	September 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	September 2023
Statement authorised by	Debbie Weaver
Pupil premium lead	Jacquie Ellis
Governor / Trustee lead	Andrew Moore

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£221 977
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year per eligible pupil	£22 765
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£221 977



Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

The Pupil Premium is additional funding government provides to help schools support children from low-income and other disadvantaged families to achieve as well as their peers. If a child has been eligible for free school meals (FSM) at any point over the past 6 years or has been looked after for one day or more (Looked After Child), the school receives an amount per head within their budget.

At Cantrell Primary Staff believe in all children and their ability to achieve; there are no excuses made for under performance. Instead, all adults adopt an approach which searches for solutions, encouraging the children to do the same. We support the children to develop a growth mind set attitude towards learning. Our priority is to ensure that day to day teaching in school continues to improve with increasing percentages of outstanding teaching across the school. Additionally, we also ensure that focused support and pastoral care is given to children that require it so that they are achieving their full potential. We believe the benefits provided by the extra funding should be available to all our children within school who could be considered to be vulnerable irrespective of whether they receive Pupil Premium funding.

The school considers how to allocate pupil premium money on an annual basis following rigorous data analysis and careful consideration of the needs of all the children within this group. Current evidence-based research such as proven in school data and the EEF (Education Endowment Foundation) is used to inform spending in order to achieve the best outcomes for our children. The Pupil Premium spending strategy focuses on whole-school strategies that make a difference for all pupils; strategies that target under-performing pupils, and specific strategies targeting pupil premium pupils. We have a clear, strategic approach to the use of Pupil Premium funding, and plans are integrated into wider school support and improvement systems. These are monitored and evaluated regularly to make sure that the correct support and strategies are identified so children can make the very best progress possible and that Pupil Premium funding has the necessary impact on achievement, attendance and pastoral care. At Cantrell Primary, under-performing pupils at all levels are targeted, not justlower attaining pupils.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.



Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Low attainment in phonics
2	Low attainment early reading and into upper KS2
3	Lack of wider world knowledge and vocabulary (cultural capital) School Visits
4	Provide children access to counselling services
5	Weak speech and language skills
6	Attendance and punctuality issues

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improve phonics outcomes	Work towards inline national average outcomes in Phonics Screening Check.
Improve reading outcomes	Achieve National Average or above in reading outcomes in KS1 and KS2.
Improve access to cultural capital	Children have regular opportunity to access outdoor learning and activities which enrich the curriculum and school trips.
Pupils have and use strategies to support emotional self-regulation.	Following counselling sessions – provided in-house Outcomes are improved as pupils are able to access learning.
Improve oracy skills. Speaking ELG	Improvement in EYFS profile data GLD - in pupils'oracy skills. Children express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present, and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.
Tackle persistent and chronic absence	To reduce the number of children identified as persistent absentees.



Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 84 900

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Staff CPD to target oracy, in-house phonics development, reading and curriculum development.	High quality staff CPD is essential. This is followed up during Staff meetings and INSET. Subject leaders are provided with release time in order to monitor and plan relevant CPD for their area of leadership. AHT - £5 000 SL'S - £5 000 Supply -£6 000 Phonic Leads - £2 000	1, 2, 3, 5
Additional leadership release time to support T and L to be good or better.	Additional leadership time has enabled specific support to be provided to subject leaders. 'Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils. Using the Pupil Premium to improve teaching quality benefits all students and has a particularly positive effect on children eligible for the Pupil Premium' DHT - £30 000 AHT - £ 2 000	1, 2, 3, 4, 5



Harmony through working together Pupil premium strategy statement 2022-2023

Enable Subject Leaders to attend NST Subject Meetings and take a full an active partin the shaping of our new curriculum.	Access to training and support from the Alliance Hub will enable leaders to deliver high quality CPD targeting teaching and learning. 'Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils. Using the Pupil Premium to improve teaching quality benefits all students and has a particularly positive effect on children eligible for the Pupil Premium' (EEF pupil premium guidance report).	1, 2, 3
Enable children to have access to our own inhouse qualified counsellor	Few of us are able to work well or even function when we are stressed or unhappy. The impact of distressing or difficult situations can be felt even more acutely by young people than by adults. If pupils are able to receive emotional support from a suitably qualified person then they will have greater opportunity to reach their full potential. £32 900	4



Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 64 000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Speech and language support.	A high proportion of pupils start LSPS with low levels of speech and language. We will use SALT to assess and put in place plans to support the progress in speech and language, targeted at EYFS and KS1, but also as needed in KS2. 'Overall, studies of oral language interventions consistently show positive impact on learning, including on oral language skills and reading comprehension. On average, pupils who participate in oral language interventions make approximately five months' additional progress over the course of a year.' (EEF)	5
TA support in each class to enable small group support and structured interventions.	TAs are used to support specific small group and 1:1 interventions. 'Research which focuses on teaching assistants who provide one to one or small group support shows a stronger positive benefit of between three and five additional months on average. Often support is based on a clearly specified approach which teaching assistants have been trained to deliver.' RW / EB / JS - £30 000 2 x level 2 TA'a -£28 000	1, 2, 3, 5
Additional resources and training to meet need of new EYFS Framework.	'Overall, the evidence suggests that early years and preschool interventions have a positive impact, delivering an average of around five additional months' progress. The approach appears to be particularly beneficial for children from low income families.' (EEF toolkit)	1, 2, 3, 5



One-to- one tuition	Recovery Premium Funding used to provide one-to-one tuition by providing access to high-quality tutoring to help pupils whose education has been affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. Evidence (https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/one-to-one-tuition) shows that tutoring can boost progress by up to five months, with extensive evidence showing that tutoring is one of the most effective tools to support learning and accelerate pupil progress.	1, 2
	Increasing hours for in-house part-time teachers - £22 765	

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 54 000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Attendance Officer working in the community with families. DHT telephoning families and chasing absences. Late Gate	Our own School Attendance Officer helping bidentify and support families to maintain good level of attendance. DHT telephoning families and working to increase attendance. Parent Meetings in school. Running Late Gate each morning. Reminding families about being late for school. Impact on educational attainment. Attendance Officer- £5 000 DHT - £20 000	6
TA's providing pastoral interventions across school.	"On average, pastoral interventions have anidentifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school. They also have an average overall impact of four months' additional progress on attainment." (EEF)	4



Access to Forest School Provision

Nursery Reception

Year 6

Year 1

Outdoor learning, defined as "that whichis beyond the walls of the indoors" (Zink & Burrows, 2008), is believed to provide more memorable and stimulating

learning experiences (Dillon et al., 2006:

Nundy, 2001; Peacock, 2006) and instil "excitement, interest and motivation to learn" (Bell et al., 2009, p. 4). Outdoor learning is often seen as being relevant to, and supportive of, teaching science or

geography topics, where it provides an opportunity to illustrate or exemplify classroom learning. However, a growing

literature has identified that it can provide

opportunities for learning across many subjects, and also support children's holistic development (Dillon & Dickie, 2012; Fiennes et al., 2015; Gill, 2011; Rickinson et al., 2004). Outdoor learning

is used in various formats to support children's personal, social and emotional development.'

Outdoor learning spaces: The case of forest school, Frances Harris (2017)

3 Instructors - £18 000



Budgeted cost: £ 20 077

Affordable visits off-site for Pupil Premium Children	Day-trips and Residential Visits – Eg. Walesby,	3
including Residential Visits	Costs - £20 077	

Total budgeted cost: £221 977 + Recovery Pupil Premium £22 765



Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2020 to 2021, and 2020 to 2021 results will not be used to hold schools to account. Given this, please point to any other pupil evaluations undertaken during the 2020 to 2021 academic year, for example, standardised teacher administered tests or diagnostic assessments such as rubrics or scales.

If last year marked the end of a previous pupil premium strategy plan, what is your assessment of how successfully the intended outcomes of that plan were met?

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider